Navajo Nation – Upper San Juan River Watershed – Surface Water Quality Assessment Report (Integrated 305(b) Report and 303(d) Listing)



Gallegos Wash on April 12, 2010

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1.0 Background and Purpose

The objective of the United States Clean Water Act (USCWA) is to "restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's Waters" (USGPO, 1988). In order to meet this objective, and exert its sovereign authority to protect its water resources, the Navajo Nation codified the Navajo Nation Clean Water Act (NNCWA 1999) in July 1999. The importance of water to the Navajo Nation is clearly demonstrated by the adoption of the NNCWA, with the Navajo Nation being only one of a few tribes or states to adopt a clean water act. The NNCWA provides the legislative authority to allow the Navajo Nation to fulfill the USCWA requirements.

In order to *restore* and *maintain* the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's Water, states and federally recognized tribes adopt water quality standards which protect the uses of the Nation's water bodies. Water quality standards are narrative and numeric criteria used as benchmarks to determine if a designated use for a water body is being attained. NNCWA Section 103(a) (2) (A) provides for "the establishment of water quality standards to protect fish and wildlife and the domestic, cultural, agricultural and recreational uses of the waters of the Navajo Nation." This is consistent with the "fishable and swimmable goal" set forth in USCWA Sections 101(a) (2) and 303(c) (2). NNCWA Sections 201(b) and (c) requires that designated uses be established for public water supplies, the protection and propagation of fish and wildlife, recreational purposes, agricultural (including livestock watering), industrial, cultural, and other uses, and to establish criteria to protect the designated uses.

The Navajo Nation first codified the 1999 Navajo Nation Water Quality Standards (1999 NNWQS) in July 1999 (NNEPA 1999). On January 20, 2006 the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) approved the Navajo Nation's application to administer the Water Quality Standards and Certification Programs under the federal Clean Water Act's Sections 303 and 401. On March 26, 2009, the USEPA approved the 2007 Navajo Nation Surface Water Quality Standards (2007 NNSWQS) (NNEPA 2008). The Navajo Nation Surface Water Quality Standards 2015 (NNSWQS 2015) is the revision to the 2007 NNSWQS. The 2015 NNSWQS were approved by the Navajo Nation Council Resources and Development Committee on May 23, 2017.

The Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System / Water Quality Program (NNEPA WQP) is responsible for implementing the requirements of the USCWA and the NNCWA within the Navajo Nation.

This report fulfills the federal Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 305(b) reporting requirements, CWA 303(d) listing requirements, EPA's CWA § 106 Tribal Guidance, Chapter 8 and Appendix A, assessment reporting requirements, and FY 2018-2019 National Water Program Guidance Measures WQ-06a. It also fulfills assessment reporting requirements in the "Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency Water Quality/Navajo Nation Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program, Federal Clean Water Act Performance Partnership Grant" Work Plan.

The purpose of this report is to assess the Upper San Juan River Watershed surface water quality data obtained by the NNEPA WQP by:

- 1. Presenting the surface water quality data;
- 2. Comparing the surface water quality data to the latest version of the NNSWQS to see if standards are being met; and
- 3. Determine if uses designated for surface waters are being supported using the methods described in the February 20, 2008 NNEPA document entitled: "Guidance for Assessing the Quality of Navajo Nation Surface Waters to Determine Impairment" (Integrated 305(b) Reporting and 303(d) Listing) (NNEPA Impairment Guidance).

The Navajo Nation Upper San Juan River Watershed Surface Water Quality Assessment Report is intended to be a living document, which can be updated to include the latest surface water quality data. The NNEPA WQP welcomes all comments that will assist in revising this report in the future.

2.0 Upper San Juan River Watershed

The Upper San Juan River Watershed (Figure 2.0) is located on approximately 412 square miles within the Navajo Nation. The United States Geological Survey (USGS) 8-digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) for the Upper San Juan River Watershed is 14080101 (USGS 1987). The NNEPA WQP watershed code for the Upper San Juan River Watershed is 08. A detailed geographic location of the watershed sampling site may be found in Section 4.0. An atlas of water bodies with known lengths and areas assessed by the NNEPA WQP within this watershed are listed in Table 2.0. There are 36.78 miles of sampled surface waters in this watershed.

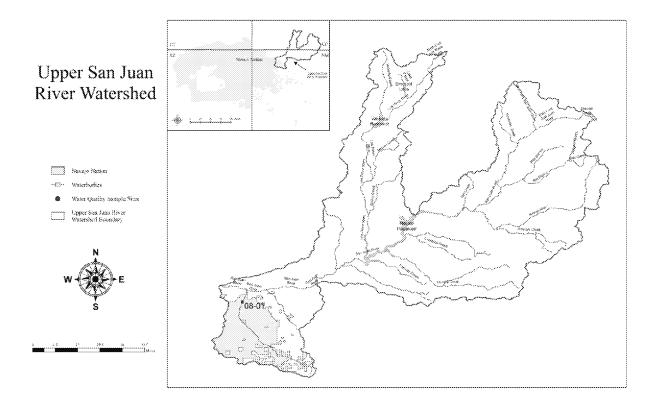


Figure 2.0 – Upper San Juan River Watershed (412 square miles)

<u>Table 2.0 — Atlas of Assessed Surface Water Bodies with Known Lengths/Areas</u>

(from Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources - March 31, 2009)

Surface Water Body Name Within The Navajo Nation	
Streams (Rivers, Washes, Arroyos, Creeks)	Length (miles)
Gallegos Wash	36.78 miles
Total Stream Miles Assessed (minimum)	36.78 miles

3.0 Upper San Juan River Watershed Surface Water Quality Data Collection Activities

Monitoring and water quality sampling of the Upper San Juan River Watershed was conducted using professional experience and in accordance with the NNEPA WQP June 1, 2012 "Quality Assurance Plan for Surface Water Data Collection" or previous quality assurance plans. Measurements of physical/chemical characteristics and stream discharge were made. Samples were obtained and submitted to an analytical laboratory for analyses. Quality Assurance and Quality Control samples were also obtained.

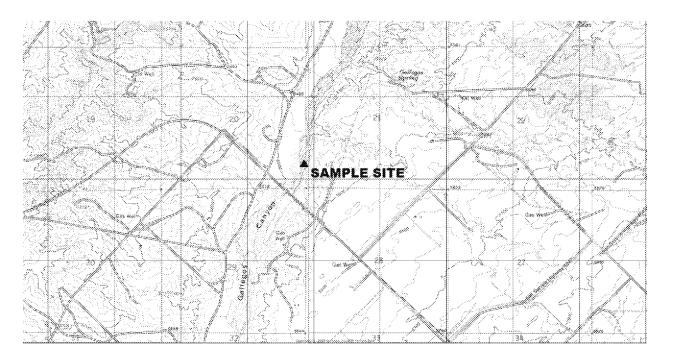
4.0 Upper San Juan River Watershed - Surface Water Quality Data Assessment

The following tables provide detailed information on the Gallegos Wash sample site. When available a site photograph is provided. The sample site name used for sampling is provided along with the alias used to locate the sample site on the watershed map in Section 2.0. The total number of years sampled is provided along with years sampled during the assessment period. The assessment period is the consecutive time period where a minimum number of samples must be obtained in order to determine designated use support. In most instances it is a three year consecutive period where a minimum of five samples must be obtained. (Please refer to the NNEPA Impairment Guidance). Water quality data at each site was compared to the numeric standards in the NNSWQS 2015. Uses designated for each water body in the NNSWQS 2015 are listed in each table. These uses may include Domestic Water Supply (Dom), Primary Human Contact (PrHC), Secondary Human Contact (ScHC), Fish Consumption (FC), Aquatic & Wildlife (Acute and Chronic) (A&W (A) and A&W (C)), Agricultural Water Supply (AgWS), and Livestock Watering (LW). Exceedances of the numeric standard are provided for any analyte for both the individual analyte and for the analytes corresponding to each designated use. Also provided are the percentages of exceedances from the number of samples obtained. The letter "n" refers to the number of samples obtained.

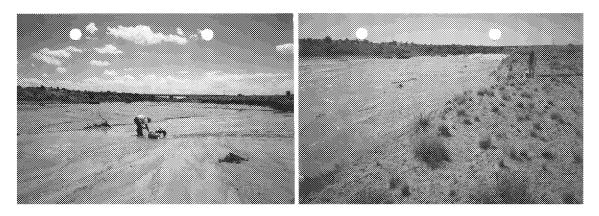
The category of designated use support from the NNEPA Impairment Guidance may be found at the end of each table. Designated use support categories are determined, in part, by comparing the analytical result at each sample site to the NNSWQS 2015. The NNEPA WQP may also choose to list surface waters as impaired if it pursues primacy granted by USEPA for federal Clean Water Act Section 303(d).

To obtain the complete set of surface water quality analytical data from this watershed used in these tables please call 505-368-1037.

Map 4.0 – Gallegos Wash Sample Site

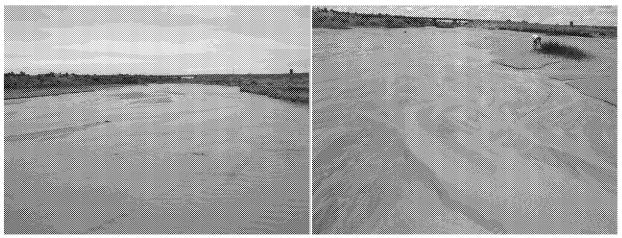


Photographs 4.0 - Gallegos Wash Sample Site

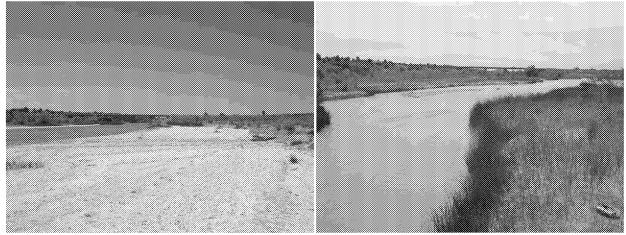


Site 08GALLEGOS01 on July 17, 2000 and September 19, 2000

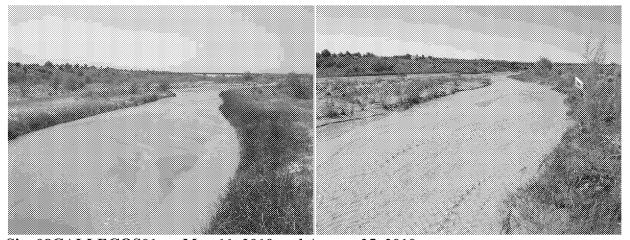
Photographs 4.0 – Gallegos Wash Sample Site (continued)



Site 08GALLEGOS01 on March 19, 2003 and August 11, 2005

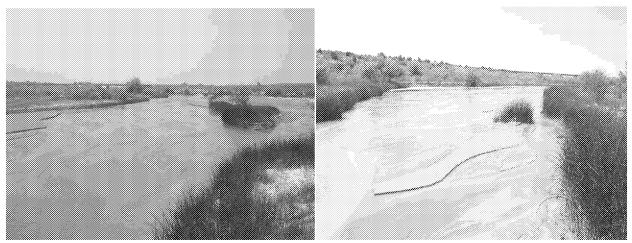


Site 08GALLEGOS01 on June 14, 2006 and June 8, 2009



Site 08GALLEGOS01 on May 11, 2010 and August 25, 2010

Photographs 4.0 – Gallegos Wash Sample Site (continued)



Site 08GALLEGOS01 on June 6, 2011 and July 5, 2011

<u>Table 4.0 – Gallegos Wash – Water Quality Data Assessment Table</u>

Site 08GALLEGOS01

Site	Alias	Location
08GALLEGOS01	08-01	Gallegos Wash near 7010

То	tal	Assessment period			
Year(s) sampled	# of Sample Events	Year(s) sampled*	# of Sample Events*		
2000-2011	16	2009-2011	6		

^{*}Note that not all analytes were necessarily sampled each sample event.

	All sai	mples	Assessment period			
	Total number	Total	Total number	Total		
	of	analytes	of	analytes		
Designated Use	exceedances	· ·		exceeded		
FC	3	2	2	2		
PrHC	6	2	4	2		
ScHC	5	1	3	1		
A&W (A)	0	0	0	0		
A&W (C)	19	3	11	3		
AgWS	5	1	2	1		
LW	1	1	1	1		

<u>Table 4.0 – Gallegos Wash – Water Quality Data Assessment Table (continued)</u>

	Domestic Water Supply*						
	All samples			Assessmer	t peri	od	
Analyte	Exceedances n Percent			Exceedances	n	Percent	
Arsenic (T)	2	11	18.2%	1	6	16.7%	
Barium (T)	1	10	10.0%	1	6	16.7%	
Beryllium (T)	1	10	10.0%	1	6	16.7%	
Chromium (T)	1	10	10.0%	1	6	16.7%	
Lead (T)	5	10	50.0%	3	6	50.0%	
Thallium (T)	1	11	9.1%	1	6	16.7%	

^{*}Not a designated use for this water body, but results are provided for reference.

	Fish Consumption						
	All samples			Assessmen	ıt peri	iod	
Analyte	Exceedances	n	Percent	Exceedances	n	Percent	
Mercury (T)	1	16	6.3%	1	6	16.7%	
Thallium (T)	2	11	18.2%	1	6	16.7%	

	Primary Human Contact							
	All samples			All samples Assessment period			iod	
Analyte	Exceedances	n	Percent	Exceedances	n	Percent		
Arsenic (T)	1	11	9.1%	1	6	16.7%		
Lead (T)	5	10	50.0%	3	6	50.0%		

	Secondary Human Contact						
	All samples Assessment period					iod	
Analyte	Exceedances	n	Percent	Exceedances	n	Percent	
Lead (T)	5	10	50.0%	3	6	50.0%	

Aquatic and Wildlife Habitat (Chronic)							
	All samples			Assessmer	nt per	iod	
Analyte	Exceedances n Percent		Exceedances	n	Percent		
Lead (D)	1	16	6.3%	1	6	16.7%	
Mercury (T)	8	16	50.0%	6	6	100.0%	
Selenium (T)	10	15	66.7%	4	5	80.0%	

Table 4.0 – Gallegos Wash – Water Quality Data Assessment Table (continued)

		Agricultural Water Supply						
		All sam	Assessmer	Assessment period				
	Analyte	Exceedances	n	Percent	Exceedances	N	Percent	
Γ.	Aluminum (T)	5	10	50.0%	2	6	33.3%	

	Livestock Watering						
	All samples			Assessment period			
Analyte	Exceedances	n	Percent	Exceedances	N	Percent	
Lead (T)	1	10	10.0%	1	6	16.7%	

5.0 Designated Use Support and Impairment Determination

- Was the minimum number of samples to determine designated use support obtained during the assessment period? Yes.
- Category of Designated Use Support: Category 5b At least one designated use is not supported and a review of the designated use and/or water quality standards will be conducted to determine if appropriate for the surface water body.
- Category 5b is specific to only the analytes listed above with 2 or more exceedances
 during the assessment period for the individual designated use. For analytes with 1
 or less exceedances during the assessment period the designated use is supported for
 those analytes.
- Aluminum is an abundant element within the Navajo Nation and may be completely attributable to naturally occurring sources, not anthropogenic sources.
- The Agricultural Water Supply and Livestock Watering numeric surface water quality standards are being reviewed to determine toxicity to agricultural products, livestock, and human health.

6.0 References

United States Government Printing Office (USGPO). March 1988. The Clean Water Act As Amended By The Water Quality Act Of 1987 Public Law 100-4.

NNEPA. July 23, 1999. Navajo Nation Clean Water Act.

NNEPA. November 9, 1999. Navajo Nation Water Quality Standards.

NNEPA. May 13, 2008. Navajo Nation Surface Water Quality Standards 2007

NNEPA. 2015. Navajo Nation Surface Water Quality Standards 2015. Passed by Navajo Nation Council Resources and Development Committee on May 23, 2017

United States Geological Survey. 1987. Hydrologic Unit Maps, United States Geological Survey Water- Supply Paper 2294.